

Summary of the Results of the MCAS/MCLS Consequences:

Scenario:	Causes:	Failure Frequency PerYear:	N0. Case:	Fatality X-Cord (m)	Fatality Y-Cord (Half width) (m)	Injury X-Cord (m)	Injury Y-Cord (Half width) (m)	Cumulative FAR Fatality Per 10^8 hours of Exposure	% FAR Contribution to Total	Probable Absolute Fatality Number for 45 / Hectare Population density	SIL/L OP
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Reference No.: Ethyl mercaptan Scenario: Dispersion

* 6. Drums on site over heating by external source-Puff D	Drums integrity failure	5.144E-07	1	396.35	28.90	2478.47	146.2	0.0000508	1.546037	0.63987	1
* 1. Drums on site Pool 1 min rapid evaporation under D	Drums integrity failure	5.144E-07	1	113.66	7.41	435.21	25.39	0.0001225	3.727680	0.11344	2
* 4. Drums on site Hole in vessel liquid spill spread pool evaporation D	Weld failure	6.710E-07	1	23.24	2.06	295.45	18.01	0.0000189	0.573986	0.00076	2

Reference No.: Ethyl mercaptan Scenario: Fire

* 2. Drums on site unloading manifold failure liquid spill free spread pool Fire	Drums integrity failure	5.144E-07	3	69.67	69.67	120.67	120.67	0.0016076	48.908972	2.85928	2
* 4. Drums on site over heating by external source-Fire Ball	Drums integrity failure	5.144E-07	2	34.25	34.25	61.75	61.75	0.0009891	30.092032	0.63774	2
* 1. Drums on site or drum catastrophic failure liquid spill free spread pool Fire	Drums integrity failure	5.144E-07	1	10.01	10.01	18.01	18.01	0.0004966	15.108280	0.05470	NA

Reference No.: LNG Scenario: Fire

* 1. CLG Liquid Main Pipe rupture Cryogenic Liquid Pool Fire	Guillotine rupture of pipe	4.708E-10	1	1035.47	1035.47	1793.97	1793.97	0.0000005	0.014913	631.23601	1
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Summary of the Results of the MCAS/MCLS Consequences:

Scenario:	Causes:	Failure Frequency PerYear:	N0. Case:	Fatality X-Cord (m)	Fatality Y-Cord (Half width) (m)	Injury X-Cord (m)	Injury Y-Cord (Half width) (m)	Cumulative FAR Fatality Per 10 ⁸ hours of Exposure	% FAR Contribution to Total	Probable Absolute Fatality Number for 45 / Hectare Population density	SIL/L OP
* 4. CLG Main Liquid Pipe Rupture flash puff Immediate Edge Ignition leading to Fire Ball	Guillotine rupture of pipe	4.708E-10	1	78.76	78.76	137.26	137.26	0.0000005	0.014738	3.60917	NA
* 4. CLG Gas Pipe Rupture Flash fire	Guillotine rupture of pipe	4.708E-10	1	29.51	29.51	54.01	54.01	0.0000004	0.013363	0.45941	NA
TOTAL		2.523E-66	12					0.00328689	100.000	639.610	

Note: The above Probable Absolute Fatality Numbers (PAFN) are computed by total distances of all concentrations in dispersion, all IHR-values in Fire and all PSI values in Explosion and some Probable Absolute fatality Values appear although in actual there may not be any fatality at all. The actual fatality and Injuries are computed using only the fatality and Injury zones in Dispersion, Fire and explosion. Hence a small difference in fatality Numbers though both methods are standard methods of computation. FAR is for 40 Years of work life Exposure in an industry. The chance of all the scenarios occurring simultaneously giving an FAR of 0.003287 has chance = product of all chances of scenarios which comes to 2.523E-66. Note there can be only one MCLS/MCAS at any time.

Summary of the Results of the MCAS/MCLS Consequences distances

Reference No.:	Ethyl mercaptan	Scenario:		Dispersion		
* 6. Drums on site over heating by external source-Puff D	UEL: <input type="text"/>	LEL: <input type="text"/>	TEEL3/IDLH: <input type="text"/>	TEEL2: <input type="text"/>	TEEL1: <input type="text"/>	TEELO: <input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Distances in meter----->					
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	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
* 4. Drums on site Hole in vessel liquid spill spread pool evaporation D	UEL: <input type="text"/>	LEL: <input type="text"/>	TEEL3/IDLH: <input type="text"/>	TEEL2: <input type="text"/>	TEEL1: <input type="text"/>	TEELO: <input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Distances in meter----->					
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	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
* 1. Drums on site Pool 1 min rapid evaporation under D	UEL: <input type="text"/>	LEL: <input type="text"/>	TEEL3/IDLH: <input type="text"/>	TEEL2: <input type="text"/>	TEEL1: <input type="text"/>	TEELO: <input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Distances in meter----->					
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	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Reference No.:	Ethyl mercaptan	Scenario:		Fire		
* 4. Drums on site over heating by external source-Fire Ball	Maximum IHR at height of simulation (kW/m2)	IHR (KW/m2) for First Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Second Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) forThird Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fourth Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fifth Isopleth :
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Distances in meter----->					
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	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
* 2. Drums on site unloading manifold failure liquid spill free spread pool Fire	Maximum IHR at height of simulation (kW/m2)	IHR (KW/m2) for First Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Second Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) forThird Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fourth Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fifth Isopleth :
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	Distances in meter----->					
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	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
* 1. Drums on site or drum catastrophic failure liquid spill free spread pool Fire	Maximum IHR at height of simulation (kW/m2)	IHR (KW/m2) for First Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Second Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) forThird Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fourth Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fifth Isopleth :
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Distances in meter----->					
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	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Reference No.:	LNG	Scenario:		Fire		
* 4. CLG Main Liquid Pipe Rupture flash puff Immediate Edge Ignition leading to Fire Ball	Maximum IHR at height of simulation (kW/m2)	IHR (KW/m2) for First Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Second Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) forThird Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fourth Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fifth Isopleth :
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Distances in meter----->					
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
* 4. CLG Gas Pipe Rupture Flash fire	Maximum IHR at height of simulation (kW/m2)	IHR (KW/m2) for First Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Second Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) forThird Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fourth Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fifth Isopleth :
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Distances in meter----->					
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

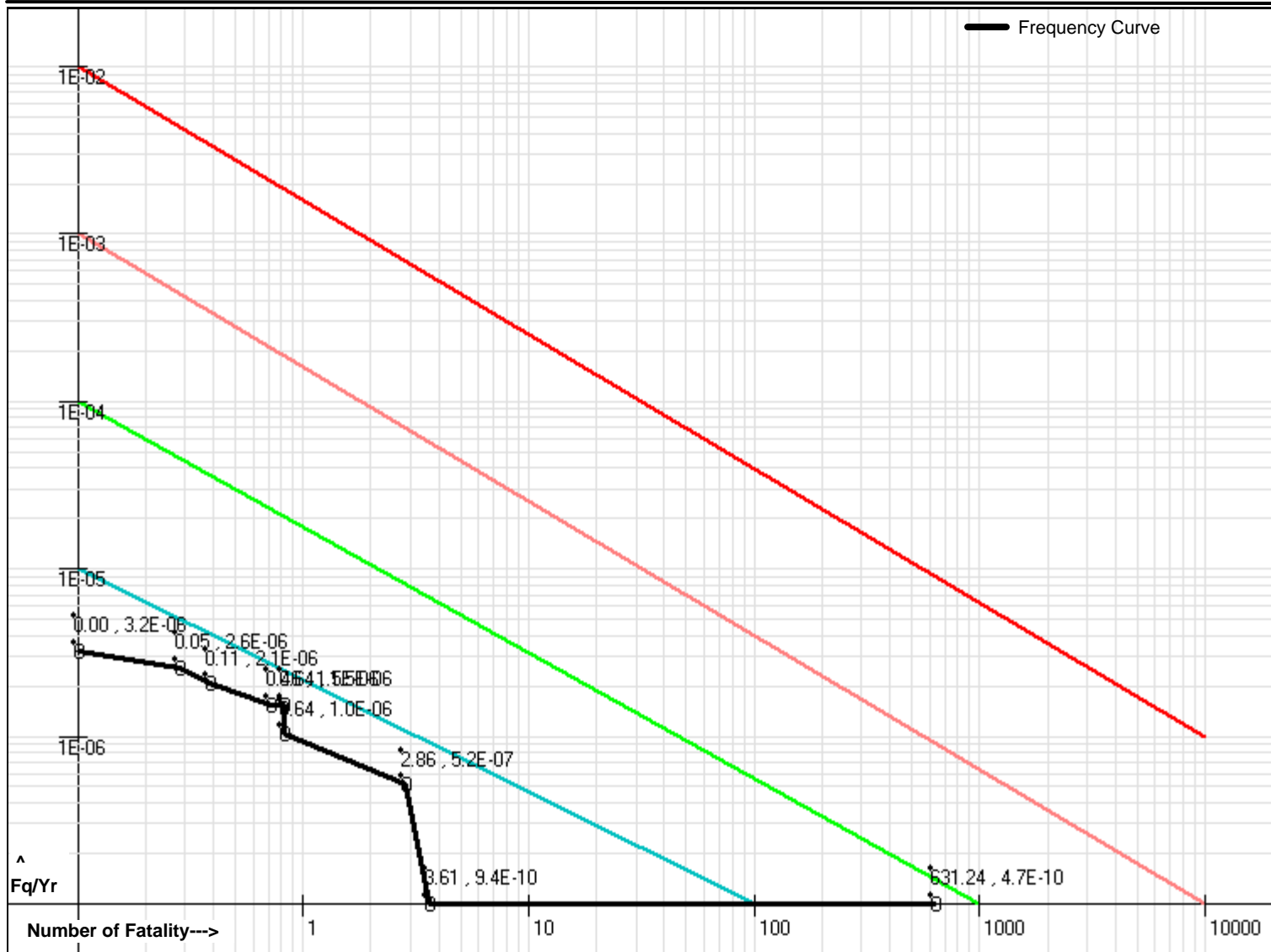
Summary of the Results of the MCAS/MCLS Consequences distances

* 1. CLG Liquid Main Pipe rupture Cryogenic Liquid Pool Fire	Maximum IHR at height of simulation (kW/m2)	IHR (KW/m2) for First Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Second Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) forThird Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fourth Isopleth :	IHR (KW/m2) for Fifth Isopleth :
	1478.62	37.5	25	12.5	4	1.6
	Distances in meter----->					
	1	1035.47	1268.47	1793.97	3171.47	5014.47

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Date : Wednesday, May 18, 2016

Scale: Log Scale



If Fn-Curve lies above RED line :
INTORABLE RISK REGION

If Fn-Curve lies between RED and Orange line : UNJUSTIFIABLE RISK REGION

If Fn-Curve lies between Orange and Green line : ACCEPTABLE RISK REGION

If Fn-Curve lies between Green and Blue line : NEGLIGIBLE RISK REGION

— Fn-Curve

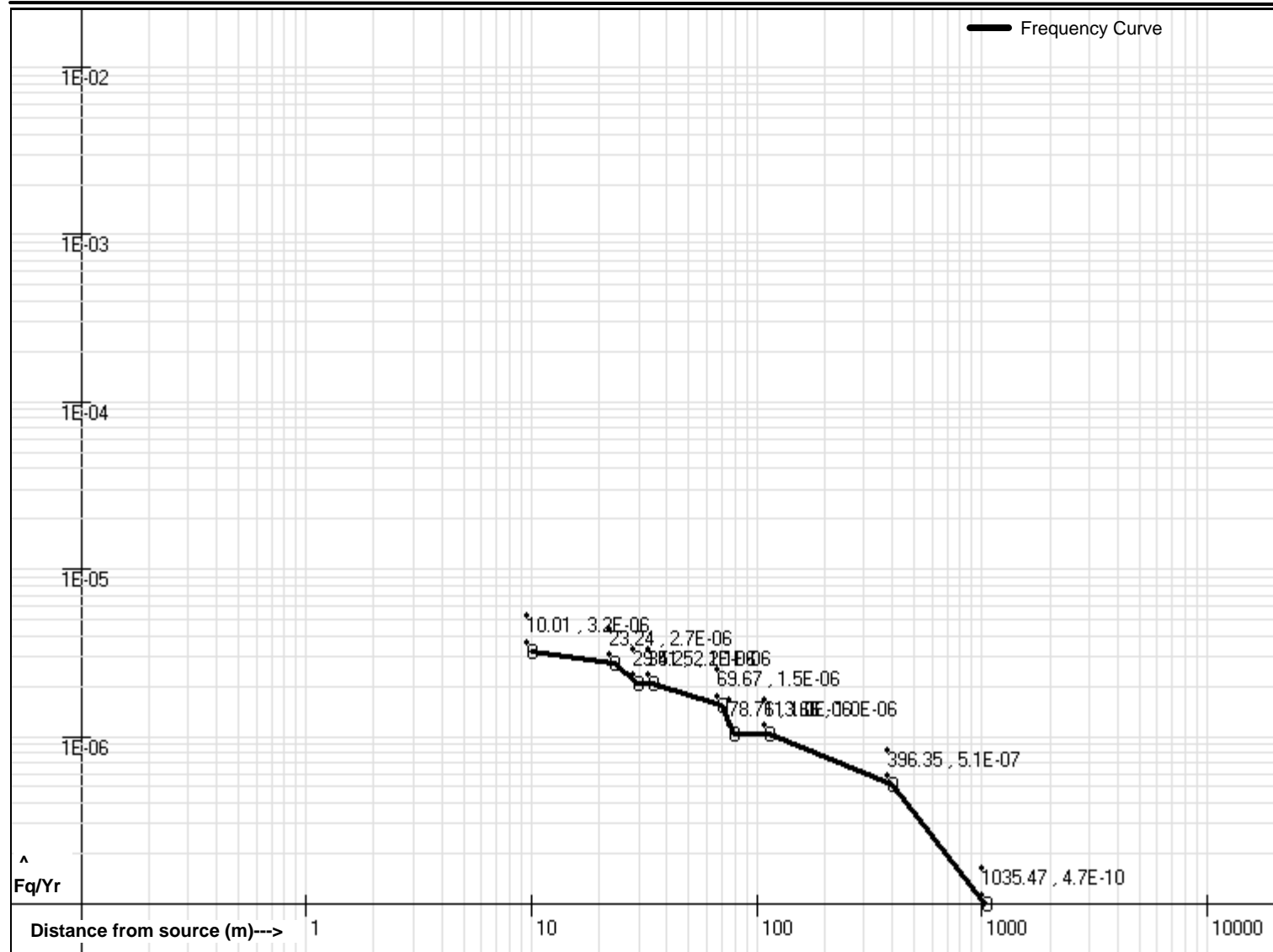
NOTE: Absolute/Number of Fatality fatality is based on population density of 45 per hectare. The number exposed in each scenario depends on product of vulnerability area in hectare for each scenario and population density.

HAMS-GPS : Risk Assessment Simulations (Frq. Vs. Dist Curve- Cumulative Frequency) For MyCo

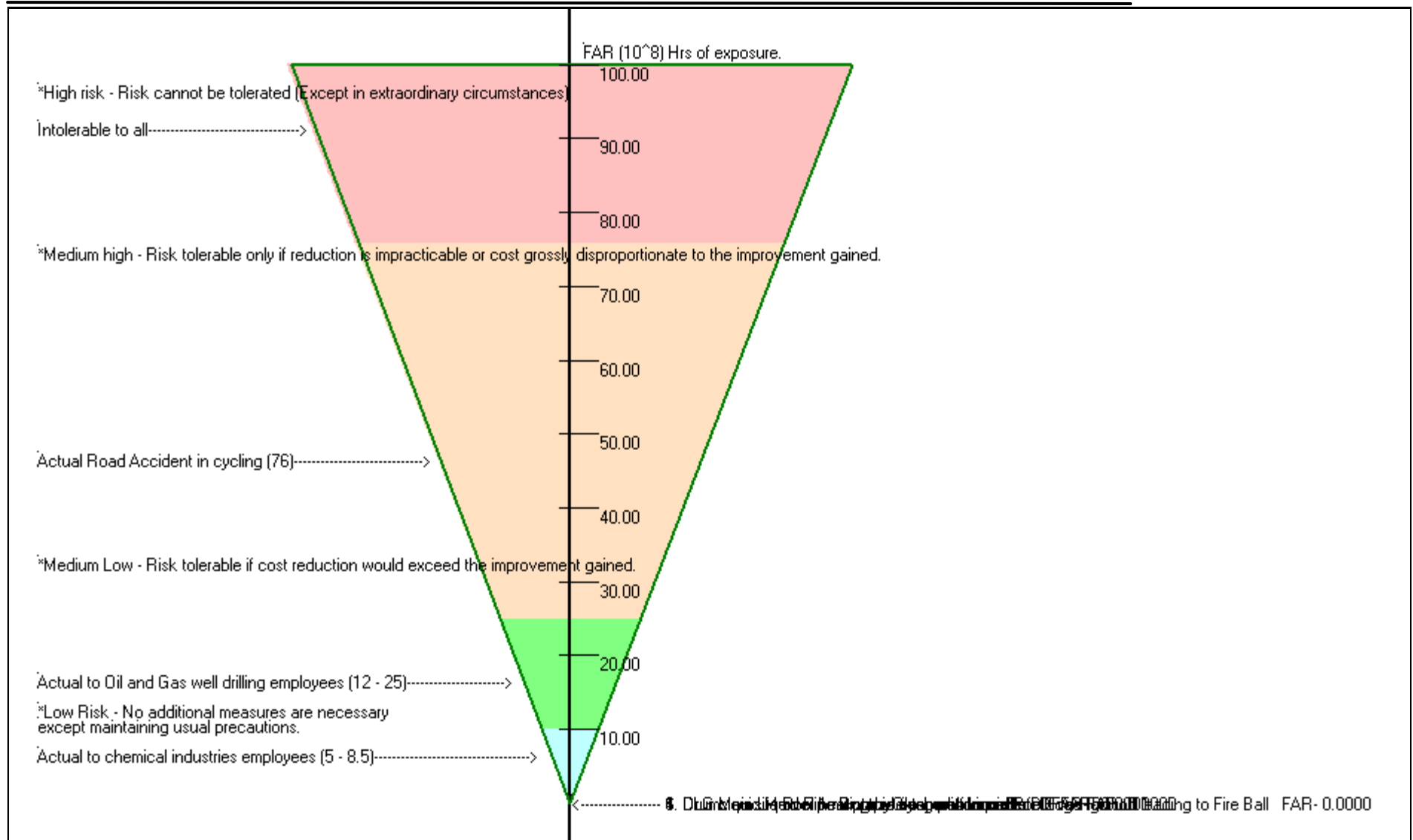
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Date : Wednesday, May 18, 2016

Scale: Log Scale



Frq. Vs. Dist Curve



HAMS-GPS : RBI (Risk Based Investigation) Matrix For MyCo

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Chance levels ----->					Total	%
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
	0	0	2	0	2	22.22
	0	1	1	0	2	22.22
	0	0	1	0	2	22.22
	3	0	0	0	3	33.33
Total	3	1	4	0	1	9
%	33.33	11.11	44.44	0.00	11.11	100

Risk Levels	Total	%
HIGH	0	0.00
MEDIUM HIGH	3	33.33
MEDIUM	2	22.22
Low	1	11.11
SAFE	3	33.33
Total	9	100

Applications of RBI-Risk Matrix: Following are the applications of an RBI-Risk matrix

1. As an indicator of the risk level of the installation,
2. To establish risk mitigation measures and evaluate their effects
3. To compare units and processes on the basis of risk,
4. To develop trends of risk development of a unit over time and during its life cycle.

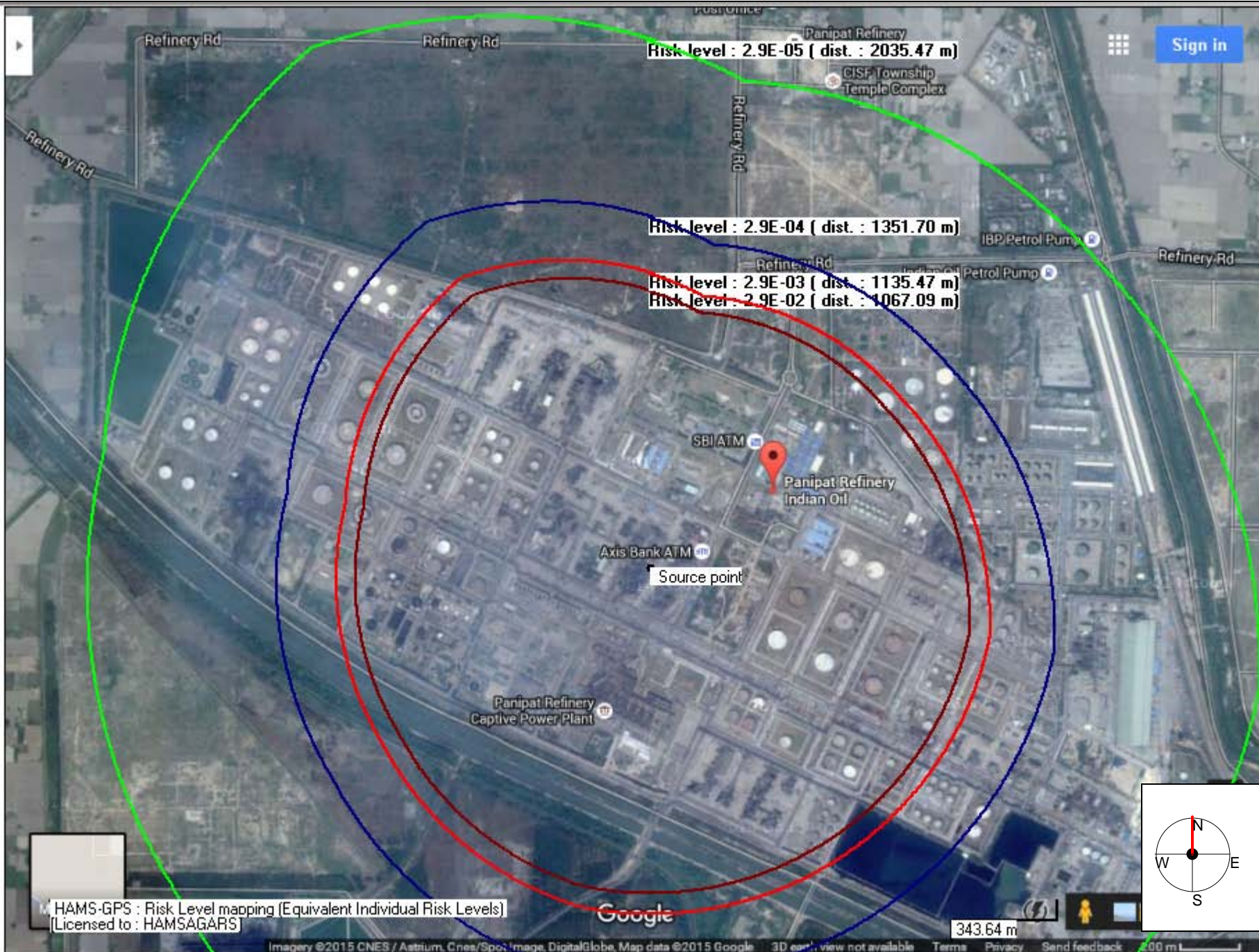
Number of Risk (Damage-Consequence) level areas

Scenario	HIGH	MEDIUM HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	SAFE	SIL/LOP
1. CLG Liquid Main Pipe rupture Cryogenic Liquid Pool Fire	0	0	1	0	0	1
1. Drums on site or drum catastrophic failure liquid spill free spread pool Fire	0	0	0	0	1	NA
1. Drums on site Pool 1 min rapid evaporation under D	0	1	0	0	0	2
2. Drums on site unloading manifold failure liquid spill free spread pool Fire	0	1	0	0	0	2
4. CLG Gas Pipe Rupture Flash fire	0	0	0	0	1	NA
4. CLG Main Liquid Pipe Rupture flash puff Immediate Edge Ignition leading to Fire Ball	0	0	0	0	1	NA
4. Drums on site Hole in vessel liquid spill spread pool evaporation D	0	1	0	0	0	2
4. Drums on site over heating by external source-Fire Ball	0	0	1	0	0	2
6. Drums on site over heating by external source-Puff D	0	0	0	1	0	1
TOTAL	0	3	2	1	3	

Applications of RBI-Risk Matrix: Following are the applications of an RBI-Risk matrix

1. As an indicator of the risk level of the installation.
2. To establish risk mitigation measures and evaluate their effects.
3. To compare units and processes on the basis of risk
4. To develop trends of risk development of a unit over time and during its life cycle.

SAFE	3	x 100 /	9	=	33.33 %
LOW	1	x 100 /	9	=	11.11 %
MEDIUM	2	x 100 /	9	=	22.22 %
MEDIUM HIGH	3	x 100 /	9	=	33.33 %
HIGH	0	x 100 /	9	=	0.00 %



HAMS-GPS : Risk Level mapping (Equivalent Individual Risk Levels)
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